

Turn in: 2, 4, 6, 7, 9, 11.

Due: 2 Feb 2012.

Notation: TB=Trefethen & Bau.

1. Prove  $\|A\|_F = \sqrt{\text{trace}(A^T A)}$ , for all  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ .

2. Define

$$\|A\|_{\max} = \max_{1 \leq i \leq m, 1 \leq j \leq n} |a_{ij}| \quad \text{for all } A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}.$$

Does  $\|\cdot\|_{\max}$  yield a matrix norm? Prove or disprove your claim.

3. For  $A \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times n}$ , prove that

$$\|A\|_{\infty} = \max_i \sum_j |a_{ij}|.$$

(Hence the matrix  $\infty$ -norm is also called the *max-row-sum norm*).

4. Let  $I$  denote the  $n \times n$  identity matrix. Prove that

(a)  $\|I\| = 1$  when  $\|\cdot\|$  is any matrix norm induced by a vector norm.

(b)  $\|I\|_F = \sqrt{n}$ .

5. Let  $A = [\mathbf{a}_1 \ \mathbf{a}_2 \ \dots \ \mathbf{a}_n] \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times n}$  be partitioned by columns. Prove that

$$\|A\|_F^2 = \|\mathbf{a}_1\|_2^2 + \|\mathbf{a}_2\|_2^2 \dots \|\mathbf{a}_n\|_2^2.$$

6. Let  $A \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times n}$  and  $B \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times p}$ . Use problem 5 to prove that

(a)  $\|AB\|_F \leq \|A\|_2 \|B\|_F$ ,

(b)  $\|AB\|_F \leq \|A\|_F \|B\|_2$ .

7. Let  $A \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$ .

(a)  $\|A\|_2 \leq \|A\|_F$ . (Hint: Look at  $\|Ax\|_2$  entrywise, and find a way to use Cauchy Schwartz).

(b)  $\|A\|_F \leq \sqrt{n} \|A\|_2$ . (Hint: Use Problem 6.)

Thus we have

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \|A\|_F \leq \|A\|_2 \leq \|A\|_F.$$

8. Let  $A = \text{diag}[d_1, d_2, \dots, d_n]$ . Prove that  $\|A\|_2 = \max_i |d_i|$ .

9. TB, p. 24, problem 3.2: Let  $\|\cdot\|$  denote any norm on  $\mathbb{C}^m$  and also the induced matrix norm on  $\mathbb{C}^{m \times m}$ . Show that  $\rho(A) \leq \|A\|$ , where  $\rho(A)$  is the *spectral radius* of  $A$ , i.e., the largest absolute value  $|\lambda|$  of an eigenvalue of  $A$ .
10. TB, p. 24, problem 3.4: Let  $A$  be an  $m \times n$  matrix and let  $B$  be a submatrix of  $A$ , that is, a  $r \times s$  matrix, with  $r \leq m$ ,  $s \leq n$ , obtained by selecting certain rows and columns of  $A$ .
- (a) Explain how  $B$  can be obtained from  $A$  by multiplying  $A$  by certain row and column “deletion matrices” as was done in a previous homework exercise (TB, Exercise 1.1).
- (b) Using this product, show that  $\|B\|_p \leq \|A\|_p$  for any  $p$  with  $1 \leq p \leq \infty$ .
11. TB, p. 24, problem 3.5: Example 3.6 on p. 22 of TB shows that if  $E = uv^*$  is an outer product, then  $\|E\|_2 = \|u\|_2\|v\|_2$ . Is the same true of the Frobenius norm, i.e.,  $\|E\|_F = \|u\|_F\|v\|_F$ ? Prove it or give a counterexample.